

Understanding Human-AI Teaming Performance using Autonomous Systems in Virtual Environments

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INTRODUCTION

- Significant of Explainability in AI-Enabled Autonomous Systems
 - Explanation:
 - Cognitive Process, Social Process, Product
 - Stakeholders: Domain Experts, Regulatory Entities, Managers, Data Scientists, Users
- Drawbacks of current explainability methods:
 - Computationally intensive
 - May not target the correct audience



Human-AI Simulation

- The Explanation Interface
 - Cognitive: Assumed A/S is correct (function of MAP)
 - Social: Minimap Interface
 - Product: Dot on Minimap
- Light-weighted/Computationally efficient.
 - To start with...

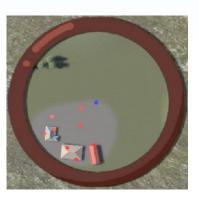
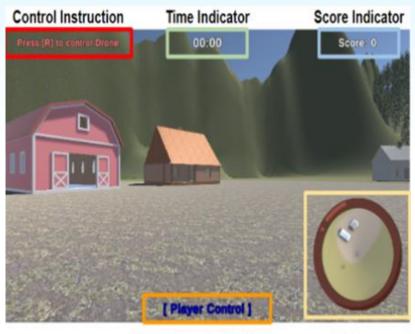


Fig. 1: Hostages Displayed on Minimap



PROPOSED METHODOLOGY Combat Search and Rescue (CSAR) Scenario



Current Control Indicator

Minimap

Fig. 2: SAR Player Interface

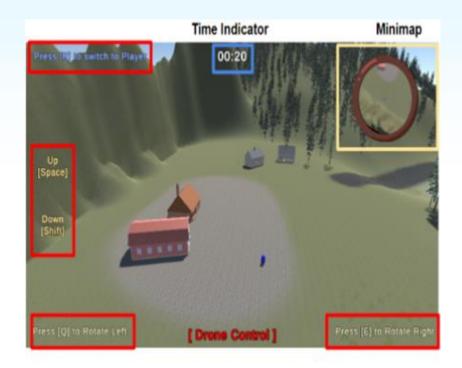


Fig. 3: SAR Drone Interface



PROPOSED METHODOLOGY CSAR Scenario

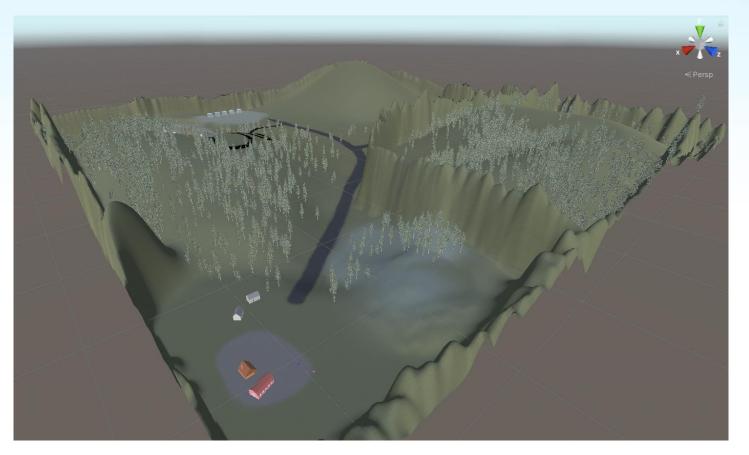


Fig. 4: Top-Down View of Environment



PROPOSED METHODOLOGY CSAR Scenario

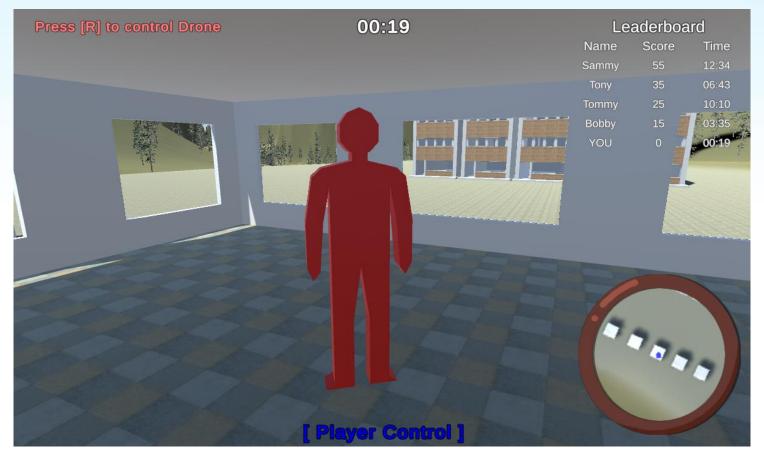


Fig. 5: Hostage Rescue



PROPOSED METHODOLOGY CSAR Scenario



Fig. 6: Drone POV - Hostage Spotting



Link

METHODOLOGIES FOR COMPARISON

- Frequency of Human-AI interactions
- Duration of Human-AI interactions
- Total number of hostages collected
- Time until exit (or complete, whichever is first)



DATASETS USED FOR EXPERIMENTATION

- 10,000 images/class; 7 classes
 - Captured using empty environment
 - Varying camera position
 - Dimension : (640 x 640 x 3)
- Yolov5x; 86.7m params
 - Attached to UAV software-defined camera
 - Implementation: Python Embedding



DATASETS USED FOR EXPERIMENTATION

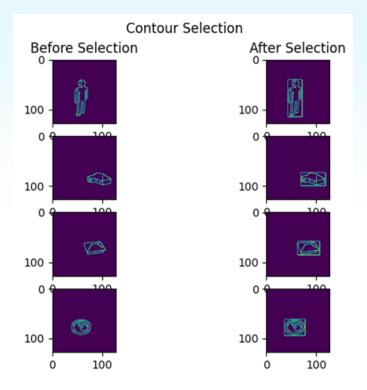


Fig. 7: Automatic Label & Anchoring

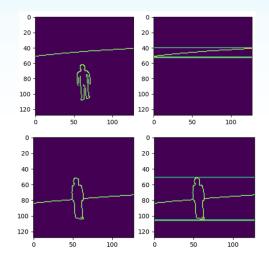


Fig. 8: Poor Labeling



DATASETS USED FOR EXPERIMENTATION

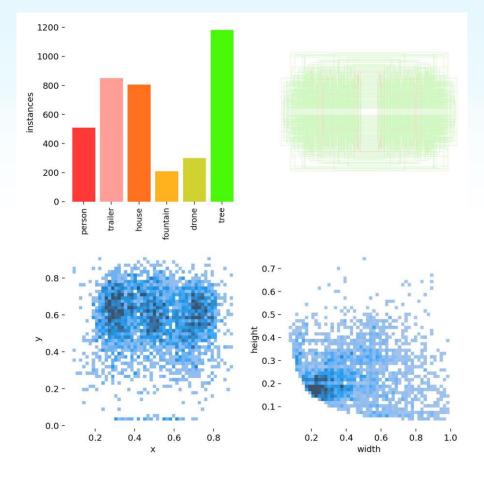


Fig. 9: Training Dataset - Label/Box Distributions



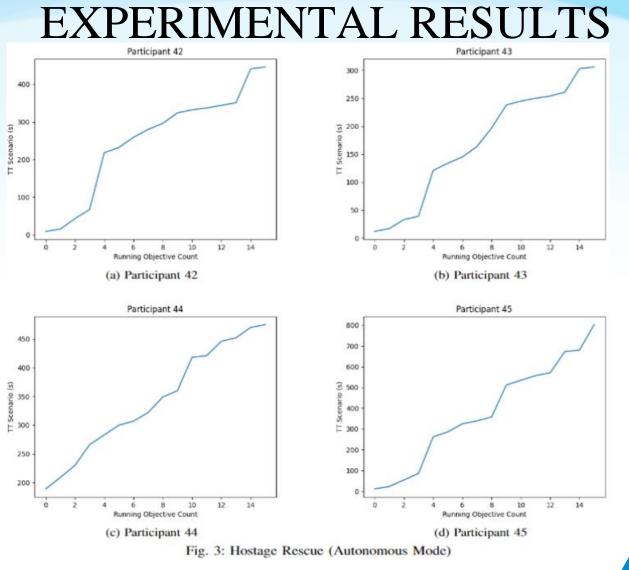
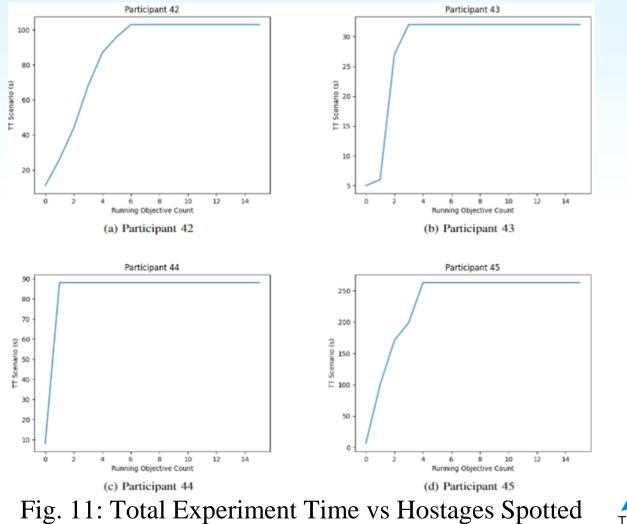


Fig. 10: Total Experiment Time vs Hostages Rescued



EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS





EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

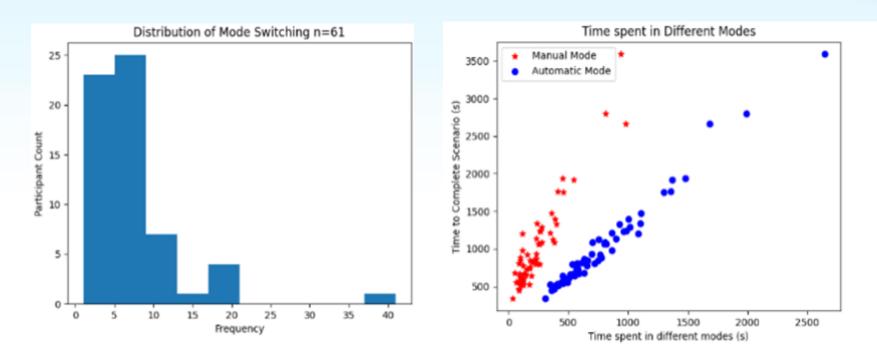


Fig. 12: Participant Mode Switching Frequency Fig. 13: Time Spent in each mode of operation



EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

TABLE I: Summary of CSAR mission completion participant statistics for different modes of operation

Statistics	Distribution of Time (seconds)		
	Total Time	Autonomous mode	Manual mode
mean	1005.951	771.066	234.885
std	595.545	417.787	193.421
min	338	306	32
25%	641	502	108
50%	812	641	180
75%	1200	898	266
max	3586	2648	978



CONCLUSION

- We present a novel study based on SAR scenario where Human-AI teaming is encouraged and interactions measured.
- We found participants engaged with the autonomous system ~25% of the total experiment time.
- Further studies will introduce additional autonomous features and human factor evaluations using this platform to evaluate Explanation Products and Processes preferences.



THANK YOU!!

For any questions about our work, please contact the authors at jds0099@uah.edu or vineetha.menon@uah.edu

