



U.S. ARMY COMBAT CAPABILITIES DEVELOPMENT COMMAND AVIATION & MISSILE CENTER

An Overview of the Electrical Wiring Interconnect System (EWIS) and EWIS Data Analysis

3 OCTOBER 2024

CANDICE PATTERSON – CHIEF, CARGO/UTILITY SECTION RICHARD KNOX – CHIEF, ATTACK SECTION TOM HARRINGTON – UH-60 SENIOR ANALYST CTR/MTA INC RAM ENGINEERING AND SYSTEM ASSESSMENT DIVISION SYSTEMS READINESS DIRECTORATE

AGENDA



- What is EWIS
- EWIS History
- EWIS Standards
- Implementation of EWIS Integrity Program
- RAM Engineering
- Work Unit Codes
- Challenges of EWIS Data Analysis
- EWIS Improvement Efforts

WHAT IS EWIS?



"Electrical Wiring Interconnect System: EWIS, also known as aircraft wiring, is defined as any wire, fiber optic link, wiring or fiber device, or a combination of these items (including terminations) installed in any area of the aircraft for the purpose of transmitting electrical energy, signals, or data between - two or more electrical end points."



-TM 1-1520-323-24-1 CHG 2 12Sept2023

EWIS HISTORY



• FAA initiated programs to address EWIS integrity concerns in 1999 in response to high-profile aircraft accidents.

- TWA Flight 800

- July 17, 1996
- Boeing 747-100 exploded 12 minutes after takeoff.
- Probable cause from NTSB report explosion of fuel vapors in center fuel tank likely caused by a short circuit.

Swiss Air Flight 111

- September 2, 1998
- McDonnell Douglas MD-11
- Crashed due to in-flight fire, arcing in the wiring system for the in-flight entertainment system was found to be a contributing factor.
- Aging Transport Systems Rulemaking Advisory Committee ATSRAC tasked to characterize commercial EWIS
 integrity and recommend actions for improvement.
 - Found evidence of aging wiring, material degradation, and inadequate installation and maintenance practices
- Enhanced Airworthiness for Airplane Systems (EAPAS), FAA AC25-27A, was developed to communicate strategies for improve aircraft safety.
 - Integrity of the EWIS system is emphasized in EAPAS.

EWIS STANDARDS





- Common standard for installing, inspecting, and maintaining aircraft wiring throughout industry.
- MIL-STD-1798D Mechanical Equipment and Subsystems Integrity Program
 - Standard established in 1988
 - Adapted from the highly successful Aircraft Structural Integrity Program (ASIP) first employed in the 1950's
 - Program reinstated in 2008 and has been continually updated.
 - Encompasses all aircraft mechanical systems and subsystems.
 - EWIS considered to be an aircraft system.
- MIL-HDB-525 Electrical Wiring Interconnect System (EWIS) Integrity Program
 - Introduced in 2013
 - Based on lessons learned from FAA Advisory Circulars (AC's)
 - Provides framework to establish a successful EWIS integrity program using principles and processes developed by the FAA
 - Establishes seven core process tasks to implement EWIS integrity program.
- SAE AS50881 Wiring, Aerospace Vehicle
 - Established as an industry replacement for MIL-W-5088.
 - Covers all aspects of the EWIS system.
- TM 1-1500-323-24-1 Aircraft Electric and Electronic Wiring
 - Joint services manual with Navy and Air Force
 - NAVAIR 01-1A-505-1
 - TO 1-1A-14

IMPLEMENTATION OF EWIS INTEGRITY PROGRAM



- How do we perform data analysis on components?
 - MIL-STD-1798D
 - Establishes tracking components by Work Unit Code (WUC) and using component WUC to;
 - Determine Mean Time Between Faults (MTBF)
 - Monitor failure trends
 - Identify 'Bad Actors'
 - Monitor system aborts.



- How do we implement EWIS Program?
 - MIL-HDBK-525 Defines Implementation through Core Process Tasks
 - Task 1 Overall EWIS Documentation
 - Task 2 Data Analysis
 - Task 3 Physical Aircraft Inspection
 - Task 4 Component Assessment
 - Task 5 Risk Assessment
 - Task 6 Action Plan
 - Task 7 Iterative EWIS Assessment



RAM ENGINEERING & SYSTEM ASSESSMENT DIVISION: WHAT WE DO





Aviation Systems

Missile Systems

RAM Technology

- Supports All PEO Aviation PMOs
- Aviation RAM Support
 - Analyses / Assessments
 - Models
 - Design for Reliability & Maintainability (R&M)
- Aviation System Assessment Program (ASAP) Analyses / Assessments
- Reliability Centered Maintenance (RCM)
- Reliability Improvement Projects (RIP)
- Foreign Military Sales (FMS) RAM Analyses

- All PEO M&S PMOs and MDA
- Materiel Release RAM Certification
- Missile and Ground Support Equipment RAM Support
- Stockpile Reliability Programs (Army & FMS)
- Sustainability Support for Missile Operations
- Missile Health Monitoring
- Supportability Analysis
- Logistics Assessments

- AvMC Energy Lab (AEL) and
- Reliability, Availability, Maintainability Analysis
- Failure Reporting and Corrective Action System (FRACAS)
- Science &Technology (S&T)
 Development & Support
- Data Driven Analytics/Machine Learning/Artificial Intelligence
- Policies and Procedures





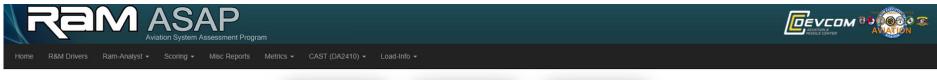


Improved Reliability, Availability, and Maintainability

Ensuring System Readiness

AVIATION SYSTEM ASSESSMENT PROGRAM (ASAP)











WHAT IS ASAP?

- The Aviation System Assessment Program (ASAP) is a U.S. Government organically developed software tool used by the Reliability, Availability, and Maintainability (RAM) Aviation Branches to quickly analyze and display a host of reliability/maintainability metrics.
- The U.S. Army ASAP tool contains scored data for rotary wing platforms and was developed over 20 years with millions of records scored.
- Permissions/Access are vetted by the customer/platform PMO.

WHAT DOES RAM ASAP DO?

- RAM ASAP is the recognized source for U.S. Army Aviation systems data, analysis, and interpretation throughout their life cycle.
- The ASAP RAM team scores a sample of each army aircraft platform's maintenance records (DA FORM 2408-13-1) and uploads data for analysis and presentation via the ASAP Tool.

WORK UNIT CODES

EVEOM

AVATION &
MISSILE CENTER

- WUC's grouped by function at the two-digit level.
- All Army aircraft have the same functional group codes
- WUC's are used as 'buckets' for sorting data for Army Reliability and Maintainability Metrics
 - ASAP top drivers sorted by WUC
- All Army rotary wing aircraft have same basic WUC structure for similar systems.
 - IE 07A is same for H-60, CH-47, and AH-64 as primary hydraulic system.



FUNCTIONAL GROUP CODE

- 02 AIRFRAME
- 03 LANDING GEAR
- 04 POWER PLANT
- 05 ROTOR SYSTEM
- 06 DRIVE TRAIN
- 07 HYDRAULICS / PNEUDRAULICS
- 08 INSTRUMENTS SYSTEMS
- 09 ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
- 10 FUEL SYSTEMS
- 11 FLT CONTROLS (MECH)
- 12 UTILITIES SYSTEMS
- 13 ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS
- 14 HOISTS & WINCHES
- 15 APU (AUXILLARY POWER PLANT)
- 16 MISSION EQUIPMENT
- 17 EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT
- 19 AVIONICS (COMM/NAV/IFF)
- 30 ARMAMENT SUB SYSTEM
- 31 FIRE CONTROL SUB SYSTEM
- 32 HELLFIRE
- 33 TARGET ACQUISION & DESIGNATION SYSTEM (TADS)
- 34 NIGHT VISION SIGHT (PNVS)
- 35 AREA WEAPONS SYSTEM
- 36 MILES INSTALLATION (OTHER WEAPONS)
- 37 FIRE CONTROL / RADAR (FCR/RFI)
- 38 SYMBOL GEN (DISP PROC)
- 39 IHADSS
- 52 AUTO PILOT (DAFCS)
- 76 ELECTRONIC COUNTER MEASURES (ECM)
- 80 SPECIAL TOOLS (ACTUATOR BLOCKS)
- 82 FLYAWAY ITEMS
- 83 GRD SUPPORT ITEMS



SO HOW DO WE SCORE EWIS FAULTS?



CHALLENGES OF EWIS DATA ANALYSIS



- EWIS is a system hidden within systems
 - Data analysis efforts effectively 'hid' EWIS faults by scoring them to the parent system
 - IE, Intercom System wiring issues would be scored to the Intercom System
 - This ultimately led to 'Bad Actor' systems with EWIS faults scored as failures against these systems because there was no other WUC to charge these faults against
 - Data fidelity from maintenance records
- Other DoD services have selected FG/WUC for EWIS
 - US Airforce selected WUC 35 or WUC 42 as required by airframe
 - US Navy and US Marine Corps selected WUC 42.
 - This implementation completed in 2019
- US Army unable to implement WUC 35 or 42 across all aircraft platforms
- In January 2024 WUC 59 selected as the US Army EWIS WUC for all US Army Aviation platforms.
 - Leaves the platforms the same at the functional group WUC level
 - Allows for comparative data analysis between aircraft platforms

WHAT DOES A EWIS WUC ALLOW?





- Common functional group structure across Army aircraft
- All aircraft are built and maintained to the same EWIS standard.
 - Avionics and aircraft electrical repairers are assigned to repair all models of Army aircraft



- Allows for tracking maintenance trends across aircraft models related to EWIS faults
 - EWIS 'Bad Actors' to be identified
 - Accurate MTBF for EWIS failures
 - Implement EWIS failure mitigations
- MIL-HDBK-525 EWIS Integrity Program core process tasks implemented







EWIS IMPROVEMENT EFFORTS



- Joint Services Wiring Action Group (JSWAG)/Joint Services Fiber Optics Working Group(JFOWG)
 - Established in 1984 as Naval Aerospace Vehicle Wiring Action Group
 - Became JSWAG in 2005, continuing to expand in participation with representatives from each branch of the Armed services
 - JFOWG established 2005
 - Made up of representatives from all Armed Services
 - 2024 JSWAG associated meeting will be held during the DoD Maintenance Symposium in Salt Lake City, Utah
 - "The joint service forum provides advancement in safety, reliability, maintainability and readiness of all DoD aircraft by improving their Electrical Wire Interconnect Systems (EWIS)"
- Automatic Detection and Determination of the Electrical Wiring Interconnected System (ADDEWIS)
 - Automatic Wire Test Set (AWTS) that tests the physical uniformity of the aircraft wiring
 - Detection of wiring anomalies prior to loss of function
 - Provides accurate condition assessment of EWIS
 - Validates circuit breaker condition
 - Reduces LRU replacements
 - Tracks aircraft wiring health over time
 - Limited fielding in 2023







QUESTIONS?



THANK YOU.



Points of Contact

Utility/Cargo RAM Team Branch Chief
Candice Patterson

Apache RAM Team Branch Chief
Richard Knox

Utility/Cargo Team Senior Analysts
Tom Harrington
Ben Smallwood

